

Harrison Parking Authority, New York

(A Component Unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York)

Report to Those Charged with Governance December 31, 2020



March 9, 2021

Prepared by

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Partner
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March 9, 2021

The Board of Trustees
Harrison Parking Authority, New York
(A Component Unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York)
1 Heineman Place
Harrison, New York 10528

We have audited the financial statements of Harrison Parking Authority, New York (a component unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York) as of and for the year ended December 31, 2020 and have issued our report thereon dated March 9, 2021. Professional standards require us to communicate with you regarding audit matters that are, in our professional judgment, significant and relevant to those charged with governance ("TCWG") in overseeing the financial reporting process. This communication is intended to provide you with these required communications as well as other findings and information regarding our audit.

We are pleased to be of service to you and the Harrison Parking Authority, New York and appreciate the opportunity to present our audit findings to you. We are also pleased to discuss other matters which may be of interest to you and to answer any questions you may have.

This information is intended solely for the information and use of TCWG and management of the Harrison Parking Authority, New York and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP
PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP





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Status of the Audit

Audit of Financial Statements

- Audit fieldwork is complete.
- The financial statements have been drafted and reviewed by management.
- We have issued an unmodified report on the financial statements



Required Communications and Other Matters

Required Item	Comments		
Auditor's responsibility under professional standards and planned scope and timing of the audit	 We have communicated such information in our engagement letter to you dated November 26, 2018. Generally, these responsibilities include: Forming and expressing an opinion on the financial statements. Obtaining reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatements, whether caused by error or fraud. Accumulating and communicating uncorrected misstatements to Those Charged with Governance ("TCWG"). Maintaining professional skepticism. Communicating audit related matters that are, in our professional judgment, significant to TCWG. 		
Other information in documents containing audited financial statements	Our responsibility as auditors for other information in documents containing the audited financial statements does not extend beyond the financial information identified in the audit report, and we are not required to perform any procedures to determine that such other information is properly stated.		
Our responsibilities under the Yellow Book	In connection with our audit, we performed tests of the Entity's compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants. However, the objective of our tests was not to provide an opinion on compliance with such provisions.		



Required Item	Comments
Responsibilities of management and TCWG	 Management's responsibilities include: The fair presentation of the financial statements, including the selection of appropriate accounting policies. Establishing and maintaining effective internal control. Complying with laws, regulations, grants and contracts. Providing the auditors with all financial records and related information and a signed representation letter. TCWG are responsible for communicating with the auditors and overseeing the financial reporting process. Both management and TCWG are responsible for: Setting the proper tone at the top. Designing and implementing policies and controls to prevent and detect fraud.
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Accounting Policies	The significant accounting policies are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. There have been no initial selections of accounting policies and no changes in significant accounting policies or their application during the reporting period that had a significant impact on the financial statements. The accounting policies of the Entity conform to U.S. generally accepted accounting principles as applicable to state and local governments. The Entity's reports are based on all applicable GASB pronouncements.
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices – Significant Unusual Transactions	No matters have come to our attention that would require us to inform you about the methods used to account for significant unusual transactions.



Required Item	Comments		
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Accounting Estimates and Management's Judgment	Accounting estimates made by management are an integral part of the financial statements and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Actual results could differ from those estimates.		
	Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statements and their susceptibility to change. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements are:		
	 Estimates of certain receivable balances and allowances for uncollectible amounts Estimates for certain operating and long-term liabilities 		
	Management believes that the estimates used and assumptions made are adequate based on the information currently available. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop the estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements as a whole.		
Qualitative aspects of accounting practices - Financial Statement Disclosures	Certain financial statement disclosures involve significant judgment and are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. The most sensitive disclosure affecting the financial statements are:		
	 Loan payable – Due to Primary Government Net Position 		
	The financial statement disclosures are consistent and clear.		
Difficulties encountered in performing the audit	We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management relating to the performance of our audit.		



Required Item	Comments
Corrected and uncorrected misstatements	Professional standards require us to accumulate all known and likely misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that we believe are trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management.
	We are required to communicate to you misstatements that remain uncorrected, including any related to prior periods, and the effect, if any, that they may have on the opinion in our report and request their correction. There are no such financial statement misstatements that remain uncorrected.
	In addition, we are required to communicate to you all material, corrected misstatements that were brought to the attention of management as a result of our audit procedures. Our audit did not identify misstatements that were corrected by management.
Disagreements with management	For purposes of this communication, a disagreement with management is a matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, concerning financial accounting, reporting, or auditing, which could be significant to the financial statements or the auditors' report. No such disagreements arose during the course of the audit.
Management representations	We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter (see Appendix 1).
Management's consultations with other accountants	In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters. Management informed us that, and to our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.
Auditor independence	We affirm that PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP is independent with respect to the Entity in accordance with relevant professional standards.
Significant issues discussed with management prior to retention	We generally discuss with management a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, business conditions affecting the Entity and business plans and strategies that may affect the risks of material misstatement. None of the matters discussed and our responses thereto were a condition to our retention as auditors.
	The Public Authorities and Accountability Act provides that the governing Board of Trustees adopt a written investment policy which confirms to all statutes. The Authority has not adopted an investment policy, however they informally follow the Town/Village policy.



Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Harrison Parking Authority, New York's (A Component Unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York) (the "Entity") internal control over financial reporting ("internal control") as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion.

Professional standards require that we communicate to you, in writing, all significant deficiencies and/or material weaknesses in internal control that we identify in performing our audit. For this purpose, deficiencies in internal control are categorized as follows:

- A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow
 management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent,
 or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis.
- A **material weakness** is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.
- A **significant deficiency** is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses and, therefore, there can be no assurance that all such deficiencies have been identified.

We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of management and others charged with governance and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties. We will be pleased to discuss these communications and comments in further detail at your convenience, or to assist you in implementing the recommendations.

PKF O'Connor Davres, LLP Harrison, New York March 9, 2021

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Harrison Parking Authority, New York

Other Matters

Cybersecurity Best Practices

The Government Finance Officers Association ("GFOA") recently published an article entitled "A Byte of Prevention: Best Practices in Cybersecurity" to help guide local municipalities in implementing simple, inexpensive and effective strategies that address people, processes and technology to protect organizations from potentially costly and damaging cybersecurity threats. As stewards of sensitive public data, municipal officials and finance officers must understand the significance of this threat, including the large costs governments face in recovering lost data, restoring public trust and recovering from a breach. Most of these ten "best practices" recommendations address the weakest link in cybersecurity – the human factor.

- 1. Employee Awareness Train employees to:
 - Be suspicious of emails asking to change a username or password
 - Double check the sender's email address before opening attachments or links
 - Periodically check the website haveibeenpwned.com to see if their e-mail addresses and passwords have been exposed. If so, employees should report the breach and change passwords for the accounts listed
 - Follow the government's compliance processes when vendors request changes to payment and bank account information (e.g., accounts payable) and staff members (e.g., direct deposit). These are often "out-of-band" (i.e., not done by e-mail) and are therefore vulnerable
- 2. Patch Digital Devices Software patches typically include security updates and fixes for vulnerabilities
 - Ensure that all devices (computers, laptops and smart devices) are updated
 - Do not allow personal devices on government networks
- 3. Anti-Virus Software
 - Install anti-virus software on all devices and run a full scan at least monthly
 - Update anti-virus software regularly
 - Scan mobile devices before they connect to the network
- 4. Virtual Private Network (VPN) Encrypts data and sends it through an established tunnel that can only be accessed from an encrypted key at both ends
 - Give all remote workers VPN access.
 - Don't use unsecured public wireless networks if you can help it. If you can't, use VPN, which can be set up by your IT administrators or outsourced to third parties
- 5. Password Security
 - Develop a policy for strong passwords (i.e. one capital letter, a number, a symbol and a minimum length)
 - Require changing of passwords at set intervals (i.e. monthly/quarterly)
 - Train employees about safe social media practices



Harrison Parking Authority, New York

Other Matters

- Cybersecurity Best Practices (Continued)
 - Administrative Access Controls
 - Implement multi-factor authentication for all administrator accounts (network as well as cloud)
 - Limit the number of administrator (or even super user) accounts as much as possible
 - 7. Physical Security
 - Activate time-out functions so the session logs out after a certain amount of inactive time
 - Activate biometric security (finger print readers/facial recognition software) where feasible
 - Actively manage laptops and smart devices so the information can be erased if device is lost or stolen
 - Use anti-theft software on mobile devices.
 - 8. Back-Up and Disaster Recovery Preferably at offsite locations separate from your operating network
 - Develop back-up and disaster recovery procedures
 - Ensure that all sensitive data are encrypted.
 - 9. Policies and Procedures
 - Develop policies and procedures that address the use of technology and safe handling of data
 - Procedures should include 1) what staff members are expected to do as "first responders",
 2) what the "incident response team" members should do and 3) the communications your public information office should make
 - Conduct regular exercises to prepare for responding to cyber threats, which should be part of regular disaster recovery training
 - 10. Consider Cyber Insurance Generally covers costs associated with hardware replacement, professional services, protecting third parties and cyber ransom
 - Check with your insurance provider about cyber insurance offerings
 - Consider a cyber-security risk assessment (which PKF O'Connor Davies specialists can assist you with)

The full article can be found at https://www.gfoa.org/byte-prevention-best-practices-cybersecurity



Appendix 1

Management Representation Letter



HARRISON PARKING AUTHORITY 1 HEINEMAN PLACE HARRISON, NY 10528 914-670-3081



March 9, 2021

PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP 500 Mamaroneck Avenue Suite 301 Harrison, New York 10528

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the financial statements of the Harrison Parking Authority ("Authority"), New York, (a component unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York) as of December 31, 2020 which comprises the respective financial position and the respective changes in financial position and, cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, for the purpose of expressing opinions as to whether the financial statements are presented fairly, in all material respects, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (U.S. GAAP).

Certain representations in this letter are described as being limited to matters that are material. Items are considered material, regardless of size, if they involve an omission or misstatement of accounting information that, in light of surrounding circumstances, makes it probable that the judgment of a reasonable person relying on the information would be changed or influenced by the omission or misstatement. An omission or misstatement that is monetarily small in amount could be considered material as a result of qualitative factors.

We confirm, to the best of our knowledge and belief, (having made such inquiries as we considered necessary for the purpose of appropriately informing ourselves) as of the date of this letter, the following representations made to you during your audit.

Our Responsibilities

- 1) We acknowledge that we have fulfilled our responsibilities for:
 - a) The preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with US GAAP and include all properly classified funds and other financial information of the primary government and all component units required by generally accepted accounting principles to be included in the financial reporting entity.
 - b) The design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error; and
 - c) The design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.
- 2) We understand that the term "fraud" refers to intentional acts by one or more individuals among management, those charged with governance, employees, or third parties, involving the use of deception that results in a misstatement in financial statements. Two types of intentional misstatements are relevant to your audit misstatements resulting from fraudulent financial

reporting and misstatements resulting from misappropriation of assets. Fraudulent financial reporting involves intentional misstatements, including omissions of amounts or disclosures in financial statements to deceive financial statement users. Misappropriation of assets involves the theft of an entity's assets.

- 3) We are further responsible for reviewing, accepting and processing the standard, adjusting, or correcting journal entries that you proposed during the course of your engagement. We confirm that we designated a suitably qualified individual who understands the nature and impact of the proposed entries to the financial statements, and we accept responsibility for the proposed entries that we authorized and processed.
- 4) We acknowledge our responsibility for presenting the fund financial statements in accordance with US GAAP, and we believe the financial statements including its form and content, is fairly presented in accordance with US GAAP. The methods of measurement and presentation of the financial statements have not changed from those used in the prior period, and we have disclosed to you any significant assumptions or interpretations underlying the measurement and presentation of the supplementary information.

Financial Statements

- 5) The financial statements referred to above are fairly presented in conformity with US GAAP and include all disclosures necessary for such fair presentation. In that connection, we specifically confirm that:
 - a) The Authority's accounting policies, and the practices and methods followed in applying them, are appropriate and are as disclosed in the financial statements.
 - b) There have been no changes during the period audited in the Authority's accounting policies and practices.
 - c) All material transactions have been recorded in the accounting records and are reflected in the financial statements.
- 6) Significant assumptions we used in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable.
- 7) The following, where they exist, have been appropriately disclosed to you and accounted for and/or disclosed in the financial statements in accordance with the requirements of US GAAP:
 - a) The identity of all related parties and related party relationships and transactions including revenues, expenditures/expenses, loans, transfers, leasing arrangements, and guarantees, and amounts receivable from or payable to related parties.
 - b) Guarantees, whether written or oral, under which the Authority is contingently liable, if any.
 - c) The effects of all known actual, possible, pending or threatened litigation, claims, and assessments.
 - d) The identity of the Authority's related parties and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware.
- 8) We have evaluated events subsequent to the date of the financial statements through the date of this letter, and no such events have occurred which would require adjustment or disclosure in the financial statements. No events, including instances of noncompliance, have occurred subsequent to the balance sheet date and through the date of this letter that would require adjustment to or disclosure in the aforementioned financial statements.
- 9) We are in agreement with the adjusting journal entries you have proposed, and they have been posted to the Authority's accounts.
- 10) The Authority has disclosed a contingency note to describe the effects of COVID-19 on the Authority's finances and operations. Given the Level of uncertainty, management cannot

reasonably estimate the actual impact on the Authority's future financial position at this time. The management of the Authority does not believe that the effects of COVID-19 will affect the Authority's ability to operate as a going concern.

Information Provided

- 11) We have provided you with:
 - a) Access to all information, of which we are aware, that is relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements, such as records, documentation, and other matters.
 - b) Communications from regulatory agencies concerning noncompliance with, or deficiencies in, financial reporting practices, if applicable.
 - c) Additional information that you have requested from us for the purpose of the audit.
 - d) Unrestricted access to persons within the Authority from whom you determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- 12) Completeness and availability of all minutes of the meetings of the Authority or summaries of actions of recent meetings for which minutes have not yet been prepared. The Authority Board only met one time in FY 2019, on December 19, 2019.
- 13) We have disclosed to you the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial statements may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- 14) There are no deficiencies in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting that are reasonably likely to adversely affect the Authority's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, and report financial data reliably in accordance with US GAAP.
- 15) We have no knowledge of any fraud or suspected fraud that affects the entity and involves:
 - a) Management,
 - b) Employees who have significant roles in internal control, or
 - c) Others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements.
- 16) We have no knowledge of any allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Authority's financial statements communicated by employees, former employees, regulators, or others.
- 17) We have no knowledge of instances of noncompliance or suspected noncompliance with provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, or grant agreements, or abuse, whose effects should be considered when preparing financial statements.

Hosting Services

- 18) We acknowledge that electronic portals used during the audit are only a method of transferring data and the data may be deleted by you at any time.
- 19) We are responsible for maintaining our financial and non-financial information, licensing and hosting of any applications, and downloading and retaining anything you uploaded to such portal in a timely manner.

Government—specific

20) We have identified to you any previous audits, attestation engagements, and other studies related to the audit objectives and whether related recommendations have been implemented.

- 21) The Authority has no plans or intentions that may materially affect the carrying value or classification of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources or net position.
- 22) We are responsible for compliance with the laws, regulations, and provisions of contracts and grant agreements applicable to us, including tax or debt limits and debt contracts, and legal and contractual provisions for reporting specific activities in separate funds.
- 23) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of fraud and noncompliance with provisions of laws and regulations that we believe have a material effect on the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives, and any other instances that warrant the attention of those charged with governance.
- 24) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances, that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of noncompliance with provisions of contracts and grant agreements that we believe have a material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 25) We have identified and disclosed to you all instances that have occurred or are likely to have occurred, of abuse that could be quantitatively or qualitatively material to the financial statements or other financial data significant to the audit objectives.
- 26) There are no violations or possible violations of budget ordinances, laws and regulations (including those pertaining to adopting, approving, and amending budgets), provisions of contracts and grant agreements, tax or debt limits, and any related debt covenants whose effects should be considered for disclosure in the financial statements, or as a basis for recording a loss contingency, or for reporting on noncompliance.
- 27) As part of your audit, you assisted with preparation of the financial statements and related notes. We acknowledge our responsibility as it relates to those nonaudit services, including that we assume all management responsibilities; oversee the services by designating an individual, preferably with senior management, who possesses suitable skill, knowledge, or experience; evaluate the adequacy and results of the services performed; and accept responsibility for the results of the services. We have reviewed, approved, and accepted responsibility for those financial statements and related notes. We also understand that as part of your audit, you prepared various adjusting journal entries, and acknowledge that we have reviewed and approved those entries and accepted responsibility for them.
- 28) The Authority has satisfactory title to all owned assets, and there are no liens or encumbrances on such assets nor has any asset been pledged as collateral.
- 29) The Authority has complied with all aspects of contractual agreements that would have a material effect on the financial statements in the event of noncompliance.
- 30) We have followed all applicable laws and regulations in adopting, approving, and amending budgets.
- 31) The financial statements include all component units, appropriately present majority equity inter4ests in legally separate organizations and joint ventures with an equity interest, and properly disclose all other joint ventures and other related organizations.
- 32) The Authority is not part of any joint ventures with an equity interest.

- 33) The financial statements properly classify all funds and activities in accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, as amended, and GASB Statement No 84.
- 34) We have identified the Authority as a discretely presented component unit of the Town/Village of Harrison, New York in accordance with the criteria enumerated in Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 61.
- 35) Components of net position (net investment in capital assets; restricted; and unrestricted) are properly classified and, if applicable, approved.
- 36) The Authority does not have any Investments and land.
- 37) Receivables recorded in the financial statements represent valid claims against debtors for transactions arising on or before the balance sheet date and have been reduced to their estimated net realizable value.
- 38) Provisions for uncollectible receivables have been properly identified and recorded.
- 39) Expenses have been appropriately classified in or allocated to functions and programs in the statement of activities, and allocations have been made on a reasonable basis.
- 40) The Authority does not participate in a pension or OPEB plan.
- 41) Revenues are appropriately classified in the statement of activities within program revenues, general revenues, contributions to term or permanent endowments, or contributions to permanent fund principal.
- 42) The Authority is a single fund entity with no internal activity.
- 43) Deposits and investment securities, if any, are properly classified as to risk and are properly disclosed.
- 44) The Authority does not have any capital assets. The Authority has determined that a parking structure is not needed at this time and all such costs, previously capitalized, have been expensed.
- 45) We have appropriately disclosed the Authority's policy regarding whether to first apply restricted or unrestricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available and have determined that net position is properly recognized under the policy.
- 46) The Authority is not involved in any tax abatements.
- 47) We are not aware of any pending or threatened litigation, claims, or assessments or unasserted claims or assessments that are required to be accrued or disclosed in the required reporting, and we have not consulted a lawyer concerning litigation, claims, or assessments.
- 48) The Authority does not receive Federal awards and/or Expenditures of Federal Awards were below the \$750,000 threshold for the year ended December 31, 2020, and we were not required to have an audit in accordance with Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* ("Uniform Guidance").

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Appendix 2

About PKF O'Connor Davies, LLP



FIRM OVERVIEW

Founded in 1891, PKF O'Connor Davies has evolved from an accounting firm to a corps of high-caliber professionals that delivers to a global and growing client base a complete range of audit, tax and advisory services as well as insights and expertise at the highest level. As our business has grown, our commitment to active value creation has allowed us to connect our clients to sound business advice, key players and resources across diverse industries.

An Acknowledged Global Leader

Not only are we one of the nation's most rapidly growing accounting and advisory firms, we are also the lead North American firm in the growing PKF global network of independent accounting and advisory firms. This enables us to provide clients with preferred access to toptier experts and firms in over 400 locations, in 150 countries around the world. It also establishes us as the primary referral point for international businesses with needs in North America, an advantage for our domestic clients seeking connections outside the U.S.

Active Partner Involvement Dedicated Engagement Teams

We have built strong relationships with our clients by being proactive, thorough and efficient. Firm partners are involved in the day-to-day management of engagements, ensuring a high degree of client service and cost effectiveness. Multidisciplinary teams ensure solutions are customized to address specific needs and integrated for greater efficiency.

A Higher Standard: Beyond Passive Value Calculation to Active Value Creation

Our focus on value has driven our growth, propelling PKF O'Connor Davies to the Top 27 on Accounting Today's 2020 "Top 100 Firms" list and gaining us acclaim as one of the country's fastest-growing firms. With unmatched client focus, we unlock genuine value hidden at key connection points in every engagement within regional, national and international arenas. Through these connections, our team of specialists continually drives efficiencies, uncovers opportunities and manages risk - delivering value where others can't.

Industry Recognition

- Ranked 27 of "2020's Top 100 Firms" Accounting Today, 2020
- Ranked 7 of the "Top Firms in the Mid-Atlantic"
 - Accounting Today, 2020
- Ranked 10 of "New Jersey's Top Accounting Firms"
 - NJBIZ, 2019
- "Best Multi-Family Office -Over \$10 Billion"
 - Private Asset Management Awards, 2020
- "Tax Advice Award"
 - Family Wealth Report Awards, 2018
- "Best Places to Work in New Jersey" - NJBIZ, 2020
- Ranked #2 "Best Accounting Internship" - Vault. 2021
- Ranked 13 of the 50 "Best Accounting Employers to Work for in North America" - Vault, 2021

KNOW GREATER VALUE™

Agility, Responsiveness and Recognition

Since our founding, PKF O'Connor Davies has maintained its commitment to gaining a deep understanding of each client's operations and financial history in order to help meet their every challenge and objective. We fulfill this mission by providing resources that match those of larger firms in scope – but with the agility only a mid-sized firm such as ours can demonstrate...and yet, we still rank among them. Our services include:

Accounting and Assurance Services

- Accounting Outsourcing
- Agreed-Upon Procedures (AUPs)
- Audits, Reviews and Compilations
- Elite Accounting Services
- Employee Benefit Plans
- Endowment Fund Accounting
- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
- IT Audit & Cybersecurity Reviews
- Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (PCAOB)
- Public Sector Audits & Compliance

International Services

- China Desk
- General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR)
- German Desk
- Transfer Pricing

Investment Banking Services

- Acquisition Advisory
- Exit Readiness and Transaction Planning
- Sell-Side Advisory

Tax Compliance and Planning Services

- Employee Benefit Planning & Tax Compliance
- International Tax Services
- IRS Representation & Tax Controversies
- Personal Financial Planning
- Private Foundation Services
- State and Local Tax (SALT)
- Tax Compliance & Reporting
- Tax Research and Strategic Planning
- Tax-Exempt Organizations
- Trust and Estate Planning

Advisory Services

- Bankruptcy & Restructuring
- Cybersecurity & Privacy Advisory Services
- Dark Web Monitoring Services
- Digital Forensic Services
- Family Advisory Services
- Forensic, Litigation and Valuation Services
- Matrimonial Services
- Management Advisory Services
- Risk Advisory Services
- PPP Loan Forgiveness Services
- Specialty Industry Advisory Services
- Business Solutions
- Employee Benefit Plan Services
- Healthcare Advisory Services
- Hospitality Advisory Services
- Medical and Dental Advisory Services
- Public Sector Advisory Services
- Transaction & Financial Advisory Services
- Virtual Chief Information Security Officer Services
- Wealth Services

Family Office Services

- Accounting & Reporting
- Advisory
- Charitable Giving
- Family Advisory Services
- Investment Monitoring & Oversight
- Lifestyle Support
- Personal Financial Management
- Tax Planning
- Wealth Planning



Bethesda, MD | Cranford, NJ | Harrison, NY | Hauppauge, NY | Livingston, NJ | New York, NY | Newburgh, NY (Two Locations) | Palm Beach Gardens, FL | Providence, RI | Shelton, CT | Stamford, CT | Wethersfield, CT | Woodcliff Lake, NJ

www.pkfod.com